(not shown). The second flange 404 is lanced to form a hook structure 408. As shown in Figure 9, a wire 412 is coupled to an eyelet 414 by crimping. According to this embodiment of the invention, the eyelet 414 is coupled to the hook 408 and the hook 408 is preferably crimped over the eyelet 414. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that this embodiment could be used with the looped prior art wire 18 shown in Figure 1. Such a combination would obtain some of the advantages (strength and physical integrity) of the invention but not the other advantages (e.g. ease of use, economy of labor, etc.).—

Please replace the paragraph bridging pages 12 and 13 with the following paragraph.

Please replace the first full paragraph of page 13 with the following paragraph.

--Turning now to Figure 13 16, the tool 800 includes a lever 802 coupled by a pivot 804 on a pivot arm 805 which is coupled to a base 815. A spring 806 on one side of the pivot arm 805 holds